ADOPT-A-CLASSROOM, INC. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Comparative Totals for 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors ADOPT-A-CLASSROOM, INC.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Adopt-A-Classroom, Inc. (the "Organization"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit(s) in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matter with Respect to Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Organization changed its method of accounting for leases as a result of the adoption of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 842, Leases, effective July 1, 2022, under the modified retrospective transition method. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Adopt-A-Classroom's 2022 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated November 7, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Mayer Hoffman McCann P.C.

October 18, 2023

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023			2022
<u>ASSETS</u>				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$	3,117,492	\$	4,100,279
Investments		4,365,215		-
Pledges receivable		670,943		3,125,739
Prepaids and other assets		57,749		58,230
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		8,211,399		7,284,248
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, less accumulated depreciation		126,780		150,245
OTHER ASSETS				
Beneficial interest in a perpetual trust		540,710		524,188
Operating lease right of use assets		140,628		-
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS		681,338		524,188
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	9,019,517	\$	7,958,681
LIABILITIES AND NET AS CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	<u>ETS</u>		
Accounts payable	\$	170,658	\$	330,193
Accrued expenses	Ψ	32,808	Ψ	26,322
Refundable advances		52,000		23,024
Current portion of operating lease liabilities		32,071		20,024
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		235,537		379,539
OPERATING LEASE LIABILITIES, less current portion		129,503		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		365,040		379,539
NET ASSETS Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions TOTAL NET ASSETS		1,535,451 7,119,026 8,654,477		1,402,557 6,176,585 7,579,142
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	9,019,517	\$	7,958,681

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2023 with comparative totals for 2022

					Total			
		ithout Donor	_	Vith Donor		2022		2022
	<u>R</u>	estrictions	<u>R</u>	estrictions		2023		2022
SUPPORT AND REVENUE								
Contributions:								
Grants and general public	\$	2,031,449	\$	6,060,307	\$	8,091,756	\$	7,906,179
Investment return		89,527		-		89,527		5,282
Investment return - perpetual trust		2,706		24,354		27,060		26,392
Change in value of perpetual trust		-		16,522		16,522		(84,074)
Net assets released from restrictions		5,158,742		(5,158,742)		-		-
TOTAL SUPPORT AND REVENUE		7,282,424		942,441		8,224,865		7,853,779
EXPENSES								
Program services:								
Classroom adoption		6,402,395		-		6,402,395		5,913,891
Supporting services:						, ,		
Administration and management		268,093		-		268,093		258,083
Fundraising		479,042		-		479,042		348,193
TOTĂL EXPENSES		7,149,530	-	-		7,149,530		6,520,167
		<u> </u>						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		132,894		942,441		1,075,335		1,333,612
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NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR,		1,402,557		6,176,585		7,579,142		6,245,530
		.,,		2, 2,230		.,0.0,.12		2,2 .2,230
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$	1,535,451	\$	7,119,026	\$	8,654,477	\$	7,579,142
	<u> </u>	.,000,101	_	.,,020	<u> </u>	5,551,111	<u> </u>	.,0.0,112

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

Year Ended June 30, 2023 with comparative totals for 2022

	Program Services	Supporting	services		
	Classroom	Administration and		To	otal
	Adoption	Management	Fundraising	2023	2022
Payroll and related costs	\$ 1,285,552	\$ 186,181	\$ 387,566	\$ 1,859,299	\$ 1,395,514
Classroom purchases	4,668,406	34	(352)	4,668,088	4,429,716
Insurance	-	6,271	-	6,271	5,786
Professional fees	49,600	21,590	23,000	94,190	34,939
Technology	165,554	17,267	8,125	190,946	149,831
Printing and advertising	11,430	3,131	20,802	35,363	41,516
Travel and entertainment	8,453	5,563	10,945	24,961	9,243
Office expenses	18,256	2,881	1,373	22,510	15,834
Rent	55,718	3,383	3,383	62,484	50,434
Bad debt expense	-	-	-	-	68
Other	36,957	20,867	10,474	68,298	62,382
Corporate sponsor event	45,485	-	-	45,485	113,860
Depreciation	56,984	925	13,726	71,635	211,044
	\$ 6,402,395	\$ 268,093	\$ 479,042	\$ 7,149,530	\$ 6,520,167

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in net assets	\$ 1,075,335	\$	1,333,612	
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash				
flows from operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	71,635		211,044	
Reinvested interest and dividends	(73,885)		-	
Realized and unrealized (gains)/losses on investments	8,670		-	
Change in value of beneficial interest in a perpetual trust	(16,522)		84,074	
Lease incentive received	10,622		-	
Operating lease expense	38,552		-	
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Pledges receivable	2,454,796		(747,537)	
Prepaids and other assets	481		(41,254)	
Accounts payable	(159,535)		(24,314)	
Accrued expenses	6,486		(21,085)	
Refundable advances	(23,024)		(101,136)	
Operating lease liability	 (28,228)			
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 3,365,383		693,404	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale/maturities of investments	4,340,578		-	
Purchase of investments	(8,640,578)		-	
Purchase of property and equipment	 (48,170)		(34,062)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(4,348,170)		(34,062)	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(982,787)		659,342	
CASH				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,100,279		3,440,937	
END OF YEAR	\$ 3,117,492	\$	4,100,279	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Organization

Adopt-A-Classroom, Inc. (the "Organization") was incorporated in the State of Florida as a not-for-profit corporation. The Organization serves the community by soliciting contributions from corporations, foundations and the general public for use by specific teachers in acquiring school supplies for classrooms of local community schools and for the funding of the general expenses of the Organization.

(2) Summary of significant accounting policies

Use of estimates - The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income tax status - The Organization is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable state law.

The Organization reviews and assesses its tax positions taken or expected to be taken in tax returns. Based on this assessment the Organization determines whether it is more likely than not that the position would be sustained upon examination by tax authorities. The Organization's assessment has not identified any significant positions that it believes would not be sustained under examination.

The Organization has identified its tax status as a tax exempt entity as it's only significant tax position and has determined that such tax position does not result in an uncertainty requiring recognition. The Organization is not currently under examination by any taxing jurisdiction.

The Organization files Form 990 in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and with numerous states. The Organization is generally no longer subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service three years after the date of filing, including extensions.

Financial statement presentation - The Organization reports information regarding its financial position and activities based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

- Net assets without donor restrictions Net assets available for general use and not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. These may be used at the discretion of the Organization's management and board of directors. Designated amounts represent those revenues which the Board has set aside for a particular purpose.
- Net assets with donor restrictions Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature that may or will be met, either by the passage of time or by actions of the Organization. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(2) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Going concern – Management assesses the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern and provides related disclosures in certain circumstances. Substantial doubt about an Organization's ability to continue as a going concern exists when relevant conditions and events, considered in the aggregate, indicate that it is probable the entity will be unable to meet its obligations as they become due within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. Management has determined there is not substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern.

Revenue recognition – Contributions received are recorded as net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor-imposed restrictions. Contributions received with donor-imposed conditions and restrictions are reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions if the conditions and restrictions are met in the reporting period in which the contribution is recognized. Net investment return (loss) is reported as either increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law. When a restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Conditional contributions are recorded as revenue when such amounts become unconditional which generally involves the meeting of a barrier to entitlement. This can include items like meeting a matching provision, incurring specified allowable expenses in accordance with a framework of allowable costs or other barriers. The Organization records conditional contributions received in advance of conditions being met as refundable advances until the contribution becomes unconditional, at which time the support is recognized as contribution revenue.

The Organization generates revenue through vendor revenue-share agreements in the form of discounts or rebates with certain vendors. Payments from the Organization to these approved vendors are made net of a revenue-share amount or the Organization receives periodic payments from vendors for their revenue-share amount. Revenue generated through these agreements are recorded as unrestricted contributions and amounted to \$531,000 and \$548,000 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

When the Organization receives contributions that are designated by the donor for the benefit of an individual teacher, such funds are deemed to be an increase in net assets with donor restrictions. Per the terms of use published on the Organization's website, the teacher will have one calendar year from the date of each contribution to use those funds for the purchase of classroom supplies. In the event that a teacher does not spend the contributed funds within this period of time, such funds are released from net assets with donor restrictions and reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(2) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents - The Organization considers cash in demand deposit accounts and temporary investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Organization maintains its cash and cash equivalents with high credit quality financial institutions. From time to time, the Organization's balances in its bank accounts exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limits. The Organization periodically evaluates the risk of exceeding insurance levels and may transfer funds as it deems appropriate. The Organization has not experienced any losses with regards to balances in excess of insured limits or as a result of other concentrations of credit risk.

Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. See Note 8 for discussion of fair value measurements.

Net investment return (loss) is reported in the statement of activities and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized gains and losses, less external and direct internal investment expenses.

Purchases and sales of investments are reflected on a trade-date basis. Realized gains or losses on sales of investments are based on the cost of specifically identified investments. Changes in unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets in the accompanying statement of activities. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend dates.

Pledges receivable - Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give that is, in substance, unconditional. Promises to give represent amounts committed by donors that have not been received by the Organization. The Organization uses the allowance method to determine uncollectible promises to give (receivable). Management considers all receivables to be fully collectible at year-end and accordingly, an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been recorded.

Unconditional promises to give due in the next year are recorded at their net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give due in subsequent years are reported at the present value of their estimated future cash flows, discounted using risk-adjusted interest rates to the years in which the promises are to be received.

Property and equipment - Property and equipment is stated at cost or, if donated, at the estimated fair value at the date of donation. Additions exceeding \$1,000 are capitalized. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets on a straight-line basis ranging from three to seven years. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation is removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in income for the period. The cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to income as incurred, whereas significant improvements are capitalized. For the years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022, depreciation expense amounted to \$72,000 and \$211,000, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(2) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Beneficial interest in a perpetual trust - The Organization is the beneficiary of a perpetual irrevocable trust held and administered by an independent trustee. Under the terms of the trust, the Organization has the irrevocable right to receive its proportionate share of the income earned on trust assets in perpetuity. The fair value of the beneficial interest in a trust is recognized as an asset and as a contribution with donor restrictions at the date the trust is established. The Organization's estimate of fair value at each reporting date is based on fair value information received from trustees. Trust assets consist of, but are not limited to, cash and cash equivalents, corporate and government bonds, mutual funds, unitized funds, and equity securities. These assets are not subject to control or direction by the Organization. Gains and losses, which are not distributed by the trust, are reflected as the change in value of perpetual trusts in the statements of activities.

Fair value measurement - definition and hierarchy – The Organization utilizes a three-level valuation hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Organization. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Organization's assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the observability of inputs as follows:

- Level 1 Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Organization has the ability to access. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these products does not entail a significant degree of judgment.
- Level 2 Valuations based on one or more quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(2) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Fair value measurement - definition and hierarchy (continued) — The availability of observable inputs can vary by types of assets and liabilities and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, whether the asset or liability is established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less than observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Organization in determining fair value is greatest for assets and liabilities categorized in Level 3.

Contributed services, materials and equipment - Contributions of donated noncash assets are recorded at their fair values in the period received. Contributions of donated services that create or enhance nonfinancial assets or that require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded at their fair values in the period received.

Functional allocation of expenses – The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to one or more program or supporting functions of the Organization. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among program services and supporting services benefited. Such allocations are determined by management on an equitable basis.

The expenses that are allocated include the following:

<u>Expenses</u>	Method of Allocation
Payroll and related costs	estimate of time and effort
Rent	estimate of space utilization
Other	review of actual expenses
Insurance	review of actual expenses
Office expenses	review of actual expenses
Professional fees	review of actual expenses
Printing and advertising	review of actual expenses
Travel and entertainment	review of actual expenses
Technology	review of utilized technology
Depreciation	review of utilized technology
Corporate sponsor event	review of actual expenses

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(2) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases – The Organization determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use (ROU) assets and operating lease liabilities on the Organization's statement of financial position. The Organization has no finance leases. ROU assets represent the Organization's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Organization's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Finance and operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the Organization's leases do not provide an implicit rate, it uses a risk-free rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Organization accounts for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component. For arrangements accounted for as a single lease component, there may be variability in future lease payments as the amount of the non-lease components is typically revised from one period to the next. These variable lease payments, which are primarily comprised of real estate taxes, utilities, common area maintenance, etc. are recognized in operating expenses in the period in which the obligation for those payments was incurred.

The Organization has elected to apply the short-term lease exemption to all classes of underlying assets.

Accounting pronouncement recently adopted – In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2016 – 02, *Leases* (ASC 842) that requires lessees to recognize a right-of-use asset and lease liability on the statement of financial position and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. The recognition, measurement and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from an operating lease by a lessee have not significantly changed from current U.S. GAAP. The Organization adopted the standard effective July 1, 2022, and recognized and measured leases existing at July 1, 2022 through a cumulative effect adjustment. Lease disclosures for the year ended June 30, 2022, are made under prior lease guidance in FASB ASC 840.

The Organization elected the available practical expedients to account for the existing operating leases under the new guidance, without reassessing (a) whether the contracts contain leases under the new standard, (b) whether classification of operating leases would be different in accordance with the new guidance, or (c) whether the unamortized initial direct costs before transition adjustments would have met the definition of initial direct costs in the new guidance at lease commencement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(2) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Accounting pronouncement recently adopted (continued) – The standard had a material impact on the Organization's statement of financial position but did not have a material impact on its statement of activities, nor statements of cash flows. The most significant impact was the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities for operating leases. As a result of the adoption of the new lease accounting guidance, the Organization recognized operating lease liabilities of approximately \$15,000 and related operating lease right-of-use assets of approximately \$15,000 on July 1, 2022.

Summarized information - The financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total but neither by net assets nor by functionalized expenses. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Organization's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, from which the summarized information was derived.

Subsequent events - The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through October 18, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(3) Risks and uncertainties

The Organization is exposed to various known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Risks include internal and external events and conditions (e.g., pandemics, international conflicts, labor market and supply chain disruption, government mandates and policies, volatile financial markets, etc.) which could impact the value of investment securities, the availability of grants and contributions, and the ability to provide program services. It is at least reasonably possible that changes could occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the results of changes in net assets and financial position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(4) Liquidity and availability

The Organization regularly monitors the availability of revenues required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the investment of its available funds.

For purposes of analyzing resources available to meet general expenditures over a 12-month period, the Organization considers all expenditures related to its general operations (teacher/school programs, administrative, and fundraising), to be general expenditures. The Organization receives contributions restricted by donors to be used for teacher and classroom purchases, and considers these restricted contributions which are ongoing, major, and central to its annual operations to be available to meet cash needs for general expenditures.

As of June 30, the following table shows the total financial assets held by the Organization and the amounts of those financial assets that could be made readily available within one year of the statement of financial position to meet general expenditures over the next 12 months:

		2023	 2022
Cash	\$	3,117,492	\$ 4,100,279
Investments		4,365,215	-
Pledges receivable		670,943	3,125,739
Total financial assets available			
over the next 12 months	<u>\$</u>	8,153,650	\$ 7,226,018

In addition to financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next 12 months, the organization strives to operate with a balanced budget and anticipates collecting sufficient revenue to cover general expenditures not covered by donor-restricted resources. Any differences to the budgeted plan will be offset by reserve funds, included in cash and cash equivalents, to the extent the financial assets are available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(5) Concentrations of credit risk and major donors and vendors

Major donors - For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, two donors accounted for approximately 68% and 72% of total contributions, respectively.

Major vendors - The Organization has agreements with multiple vendors mainly for school supply related products. The agreements provide for discounts on purchases from those vendors. These discounts vary from vendor to vendor ranging from 5% to 50%.

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, classroom purchases from two and three major vendors amounted to approximately \$2,026,000 and \$2,533,000 respectively. Other than vendor discounts received, no additional contributions were received from these vendors for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

(6) Property and equipment

At June 30, property and equipment is summarized as follows:

	 2023	2022
Systems and website	\$ 1,291,331	\$ 1,257,141
Computers	19,701	16,344
Leasehold improvements	10,622	-
	 1,321,654	1,273,485
Less: Accumulated depreciation		
and amortization	 1,194,874	1,123,240
	\$ 126,780	\$ 150,245

(7) Beneficial interest in a perpetual trust

The Organization has a beneficial interest in a perpetual trust with the assets held by a third party. These assets are considered to be an endowment fund with donor restrictions. The Organization has no control over the investment of the funds. Distributions are made to the Organization of no less than 5% of the fair value of the fund as measured by a 12 quarter rolling average of the fair value of the fund. Fair value of the endowment fund includes any unrealized gains or losses.

Distributions received were approximately and \$27,000 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The fair value of the beneficial interest in the perpetual trust was \$541,000 and \$524,000 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(8) <u>Fair value measurements</u>

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Organization's assets measured on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Fair value measurements at reporting day used							
2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Money market mutual fund	\$ 1,923,307	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,923,307				
US Treasury notes/bonds Total investments Beneficial interest in a	2,441,908 4,365,215	-	-	2,441,908 4,365,215				
perpetual trust			540,710	540,710				
Total assets measured at								
fair value	\$ 4,365,215	<u> </u>	\$ 540,710	\$ 4,905,925				
Fair value measurements at reporting day used								
2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Beneficial interest in a perpetual trust	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 524,188	\$ 524,188				

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

	Beneficial interest in a perpetual trust					
		2023		2022		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	524,188	\$	608,262		
Change in value of a perpetual trust recognized in the change in net assets with donor restrictions		16,522		(84,074)		
Balance, end of year	\$	540,710	\$	524,188		

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2023 and 2022:

Money market mutual fund: Valued at the net asset value (NAV) of shares held by the Organization at year end.

US Treasury notes/bonds: Valued based on quoted market prices on the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(8) <u>Fair value measurements</u> (continued)

Beneficial interest in a perpetual trust: Fair value for the beneficial interest in a perpetual trust is measured using the fair value of the assets held in the trust reported by the trustee. The Organization considers the measurement of its beneficial interest in the perpetual trust to be a level 3 measurement within the fair value measurement hierarchy because even though that measurement is based on the unadjusted fair value of trust assets reported by the trustee, the Organization will never receive those assets or have the ability to direct the trustee to redeem them.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

(9) Refundable advances

The Organization received a contribution of \$200,000 for the year ended June 30, 2019 conditional upon a specified amount of classroom purchases being made. The refundable advance as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, of \$0 and \$23,024, respectively, represents the amount of the contribution received in advance of donor conditions being met. The refundable advance is recognized as contribution revenue as the donor conditions are met.

(10) Endowments

The Organization's endowment consists of a perpetual trust. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor imposed restrictions.

Interpretation of relevant law - The Board of Directors of the Organization has interpreted the Florida Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment fund absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Organization retains in perpetuity (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) any accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. Donor-restricted amounts not retained in perpetuity are subject to appropriation for expenditures by the Organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(10) Endowments (continued)

In accordance with UPMIFA, the Organization considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the fund
- (2) The purposes of the Organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- (3) General economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the Organization
- (7) The investment policies of the Organization

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30, 2023:

	Without Dor Restriction	With Donor Restrictions				
Donor-restricted endowment funds: Perpetual trust required to be		 				
maintained in perpetuity	\$	 \$	540,710	\$	540,710	

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30, 2022:

	Without Dor Restriction		 ith Donor strictions	Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds:	•			
Perpetual trust required to be				
maintained in perpetuity	\$ -	-	\$ 524,188	\$ 524,188

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Without Do Restricti	_	With Donor Restrictions		Total		
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	-	\$	524,188	\$	524,188	
Investment return: Change in value of perpetual trust		_		16,522		16,522	
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	_	\$	540,710	\$	540,710	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(10) Endowments (continued)

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Without Restri	Donor ctions	 ith Donor strictions	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	-	\$ 608,262	\$ 608,262
Investment return: Change in value of perpetual trust		-	 (84,074)	 (84,074)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	-	\$ 524,188	\$ 524,188

Funds with deficiencies - From time to time, certain donor-restricted endowment funds may have fair values less than the amount required to be maintained by donors or by law (underwater endowments). The Organization's policy is not to permit spending from underwater endowments. There were no funds with deficiencies as of June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Return objectives and risk parameters - Endowment funds consist solely of and are held in perpetual trusts, the investment of which is determined by the trustee rather than the Organization.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(11) Net assets

The net assets are summarized as follows as of June 30, 2023:

Detail of Net Assets	V	Vithout Donor Restrictions	 With Donor Restrictions	 Total
Undesignated Net investment in property and equipment Restricted for classroom purchases Endowment funds restricted in perpetuity for classroom purchases:	\$	1,408,671 126,780 -	\$ - - 6,578,316	\$ 1,408,671 126,780 6,578,316
Perpetual trust held by third party			 540,710	 540,710
	\$	1,535,451	\$ 7,119,026	\$ 8,654,477

The net assets are summarized as follows as of June 30, 2022:

Detail of Net Assets	-	Vithout Donor Restrictions	 With Donor Restrictions	 Total
Undesignated Net investment in property and equipment Restricted for classroom purchases Endowment funds restricted in perpetuity for classroom purchases:	\$	1,252,312 150,245 -	\$ - - 5,652,397	\$ 1,252,312 150,245 5,652,397
Perpetual trust held by third party			 524,188	 524,188
	\$	1,402,557	\$ 6,176,585	\$ 7,579,142

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes, by the passage of time, or by the occurrence of other events specified by donors. Net assets released from restrictions for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, are as follows:

	2023	2022
Classroom purchases	\$ 5,158,742	\$ 4,997,002

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(12) <u>Lease</u>

The Organization leases office space under a noncancelable operating lease. The lease term ends December 31, 2027. Monthly payments range from \$3,000 to \$3,400 over the lease term. Also, additional rent for the Organization's share of property taxes and operating expenses is due. There is one renewal option for three years; base monthly rent payments are to be set at fair market value at the time the option is exercised. The Organization did not include the option to renew the lease when assessing the value of the operating lease liability and related ROU asset because the Organization is not reasonably certain that it will exercise the option.

Lease expense as accounted for under Legacy ASC Topic 840 was approximately \$51,000 for year ended June 30, 2022.

The components of operating lease expense are as follows:

Jı	r Ended une 30, 2023
\$	43,445
\$	19,039 62,484
\$	33,121
\$	164,191
	4.5
	3.4%
	\$ \$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(12) <u>Lease</u> (continued)

The following is a summary of the minimum future annual lease payments required under this lease:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount		
2024	\$	37,000	
2025		38,000	
2026		39,000	
2027		40,000	
2028		20,000	
Total future minimum operating lease payments		174,000	
Less imputed interest		(13,000)	
Total operating lease liability		161,000	
Less current portion		(32,000)	
Noncurrent portion	\$	129,000	